PATENT APPLICATION

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

Please cancel claims 1, 4, 7 to 23, 25 to 27, 30, 33 to 35 and 38 to 49, amend claims 2, 3, 5, 6, 24, 28, 31, 32, 36 and 37, and add new claims 50 and 51 as follows (a complete listing of the claims is provided below pursuant to 37 CFR 1.121):

Claim 1. (Cancelled).

- ı 2. (Currently Amended) The method of making a catheter according to claim 28 2 t, further comprising the step of anchoring the group of filaments filament at or near a 3 proximal end of the core member before winding the group of filaments filament onto the 4 core member.
- 1 3. (Currently Amended) The method of making a catheter according to claim 2, 2 wherein the group of filaments filament is wound onto the core member continuously 3 from the proximal end of the core member to a distal end thereof and then back to the 4 proximal end.

Claim 4. (Cancelled).

1 5. (Currently Amended) The method of making a catheter according to claim 28 t, wherein the core member is a mandrel on which the catheter is formed. 2

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6. (Currently Amended) The method of making a catheter according to claim 28

†, wherein the core member is a substrate that forms an inner lining of the catheter.

Claims 7 to 23. (Cancelled).

24. (Currently Amended) The method of making a catheter according to claim 28
22, wherein said group of filaments are wound with a variable pitch such that a filament
group spacing at a distal end of the core member is narrower than a filament group
spacing at a proximal end of the core member.

Claims 25 to 27. (Cancelled).

28. (Currently Amended) A method of making a catheter, comprising the steps 1 2 of: 3 winding a filament onto a core member while rotating the core member relative to 4 a filament source and passing the filament source in a first direction of axial movement 5 relative to the core member; and reversing a direction of axial movement of the filament source while continuing to 6 7 wind the filament onto the core member, whereby the filament is continuously wound onto the core member to form a first fibrous layer as the filament source is moved relative 8

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member.

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9 to the core member from a first axial position to a second axial position and then back to 10 the first axial position; wherein said step of winding a filament comprises winding a group of filaments 11 12 simultaneously; and 13 The method of making a catheter according to claim 22, further comprising the 14 step of providing a guide assembly having a filament engaging surface, and arranging said guide assembly such that the filament engaging surface lies in a plane which is generally 15 16 perpendicular to a longitudinal axis of the core member, whereby the guide assembly 17 causes the filaments within said group of filaments to be positioned side-by-side and

29. (Original) The method of making a catheter according to claim 28, further comprising the step of varying a rotation speed of the core member or a translation speed of the filament source along the core member to vary a pitch of the group of filaments being wound onto the core member.

packed tightly against one another as the group of filaments are wound onto the core

Claim 30. (Cancelled).

31. (Currently Amended) The method of making a catheter according to claim 36
39, further comprising the step of varying a rotation speed of the core member or a

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- translation speed of the source of filaments along the core member to vary a pitch of the group of filaments being wound onto the core member.
 - 32. (Currently Amended) The method of making a catheter according to claim 36
 30, wherein said group of filaments are wound with a variable pitch such that a filament group spacing at a distal end of the core member is narrower than a filament group spacing at a proximal end of the core member.

Claims 33 to 35. (Cancelled).

36. (Currently Amended) A method of making a catheter, comprising the step of winding a group of filaments simultaneously onto a core member while rotating the core member relative to a source of said filaments and passing the source of filaments in a first direction of axial movement relative to the core member;

The method of making a catheter according to claim 30, further comprising the step of providing a guide assembly having a filament engaging surface, and arranging said guide assembly such that the filament engaging surface lies in a plane which is generally perpendicular to a longitudinal axis of the core member, whereby the guide assembly causes the filaments within said group of filaments to be positioned side-by-side and packed tightly against one another as the group of filaments are wound onto the core member.

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37. (Currently Amended) The method of making a catheter according to claim 36 30, further comprising the step of reversing a direction of axial movement of the source of filaments relative to the core member while continuing to wind the group of filaments onto the core member, whereby the filaments are continuously wound onto the core member as the source of filaments is moved relative to the core member from a first axial position to a second axial position and then back to the first axial position.

Claims 38 to 49. (Cancelled).

50. (New) A method of making a catheter, comprising the steps of:

anchoring a group of filaments to a core member at a proximal end of the catheter;

winding the group of filaments simultaneously onto the core member while

rotating the core member relative to a filament source and passing the filament source in a

first direction of axial movement relative to the core member toward a distal end of the

catheter; and

reversing a direction of axial movement of the filament source while continuing to wind the group of filaments simultaneously onto the core member, whereby the group of filaments are continuously wound onto the core member to form a fibrous layer as the filament source is moved relative to the core member from the proximal end to the distal end and then back to the proximal end.

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51. (New) The method of making a catheter according to claim 50, further comprising the step of passing the group of filaments through a guide assembly to orient the group of filaments into a plane which is generally perpendicular to a longitudinal axis of the core member, and causing the filaments to be naturally reoriented and packed tightly against one another as the group of filaments are wound onto the core member.